

## In-containing high durability alloy solder paste



# SB6NX58-M500S Sn 3.5Ag 0.5Bi 6.0In 0.8Cu



## Highly thermal stress resistant alloy with indium

### Solid solution strengthening by In and Bi

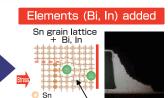
Change of form at the solder joint after thermal cycling

●Component:6330 chip resistor ●T/C: -40 / +125°C, 2000 cycles



Plastic deformation occurred

Dislocation of Sn grain along the slip plane accumulates, and results in plastic



Sn grain matrix with the added elements

## Improved compatibility with ENIG

Au from ENIG diffuses into the solder quickly. Then, Ni from electroless Ni-P layer diffuses and forms Sn-Ni IMC layer. Ni continues diffusing and thickening of Sn-Ni IMC layer. This causes a concentration of P and makes the joint interface brittle.



By adding Cu, quite compatible with Ni, SB6NX precipitates and forms  $\mathsf{Cu}_6\mathsf{Sn}_5$  IMC at the interface with Ni-P. This acts as Ni barrier layer and effectively prevents the continual diffusion of Ni/thickening of Sn-Ni IMC laver / concentration of P. and realizes high joint reliability with ENIG finish.



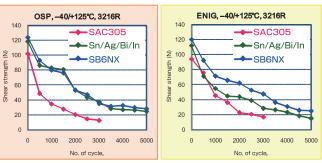
# For the better joint reliability

#### SB6NX & Sn/Ag/Bi/In vs. ENIG

| SEM-<br>EDX | SB6NX                      |                                       | Sn/Ag/Bi/In |                           |
|-------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|
|             | Initial                    | -40/+125℃,<br>1000cycle               | Initial     | -40/+125℃,<br>1000cycle   |
| SEM         | Solder<br>Ni-P layer<br>Cu |                                       | 10/07/8     | Ni-P layer disappear<br>  |
| Cu          |                            | Cu forms a<br>Ni barrier layer        |             |                           |
| Ni          |                            | Prevents growth of<br>Sn-Ni IMC layer |             | ◆<br>Sn-Ni IMC layer grow |
| Р           |                            |                                       |             | P concentrates            |

Ni barrier layer effectively prevents growth of Sn-Ni IMC layer after

#### ■ Shear strength after T/C at -40/+125°C



SB6NX ensures as high shear strength with ENIG as OSP substrate.

#### Alloy properties

| Items            |       | Init | SAC305 | SB6NX |
|------------------|-------|------|--------|-------|
| Liquidus °C      |       | Č    | 219    | 206   |
| Solidus          |       | Č    | 217    | 202   |
| Specific gravity | g/cm² |      | 7.4    | 7.4   |
| Tensile strength | MPa   | 25℃  | 34.5   | 62    |
| Tensile strength |       | 150℃ | 14     | 15    |
| Elongation       | %     | 25℃  | 41     | 26    |
| Liongation       |       | 150℃ | 24     | 44    |

SB6NX has improved elongation property compared to SAC305. Better elongation property at 150°C contributes to preventing propagation of crack in T/C.

# Product specifications

| Product name             | SB6NX58-M500SI             |  |  |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| Alloy composition (%)    | Sn 3.5Ag 0.5Bi 6.0In 0.8Cu |  |  |
| Melting point (°C)       | 202-206                    |  |  |
| Particle size ( $\mu$ m) | 20-38                      |  |  |
| Viscosity (Pa·s)         | 200                        |  |  |
| Flux content (%)         | 11.0                       |  |  |
| Halide content (%)       | 0                          |  |  |
| Flux type                | ROL0                       |  |  |

